

Chapter 1

Worlds Apart

Practice Test

1. Africans primarily came to early European settlements in America
 - A) voluntarily.
 - B) to find employment.
 - C) as slaves.
 - D) looking for trading partners.
2. What city was the center of Protestant reform in Europe?
 - A) London
 - B) Rome
 - C) Geneva
 - D) Paris
3. Mesoamerica is the birthplace of
 - A) farming.
 - B) agriculture.
 - C) hunter-gatherer society.
 - D) aquatic exploration.
4. Archaeologists call the earliest Americans
 - A) Paleo-Indians.
 - B) Indians.
 - C) Native Americans.
 - D) Siberians.
5. Near the end of what period did some Indian peoples begin farming?
 - A) Archaic
 - B) Neo-Lithic
 - C) Jurassic
 - D) The Bronze Age
6. Which crop was NOT among those grown in America 5,000 years ago?
 - A) maize
 - B) pumpkins
 - C) squash
 - D) oranges

7. "Mound building" took the form of
 - A) birds.
 - B) serpents.
 - C) humans.
 - D) all of the above

8. Which group developed Mesoamerica's most advanced writing system?
 - A) The Aztecs
 - B) The Aleuts
 - C) The Chinooks
 - D) The Mayans

9. Which was the largest city in 1492?
 - A) Laredo
 - B) Mexico City
 - C) Teotihuacan
 - D) Rio Grande

10. Which group dominated Mexico from 900 to 1100 A.D.?
 - A) The Aztecs
 - B) The Mayans
 - C) The Toltecs
 - D) The Olmecs

11. The Aztec capital was
 - A) Teotihuacan.
 - B) Tenochtilan.
 - C) Mesoamerica.
 - D) Mexico City.

12. *Kivas* were special rooms used for
 - A) Banquets.
 - B) Schools.
 - C) Religious ceremonies.
 - D) Royal chambers.

13. Most Indians believed in
 - A) Christianity.
 - B) many gods.
 - C) Hinduism.
 - D) no religion.

14. This urban center dominated the Mississippi Valley.
- A) Cahokia
 - B) New Orleans
 - C) Adena-Hopewell
 - D) St. Louis
15. The term *pueblo* means
- A) city.
 - B) village.
 - C) house.
 - D) plain.
16. The histories of most early American people have been preserved in
- A) oral traditions.
 - B) written documents.
 - C) artwork.
 - D) European records.
17. Cultures which trace their descent through the mother's family line are
- A) matriarchies.
 - B) paternalistic.
 - C) matrilineal.
 - D) maternal.
18. Which of these was a great city of West Africa?
- A) Timbuktu
 - B) Songhai
 - C) Ghana
 - D) Mali
19. Most West Africans were
- A) slaves.
 - B) merchants.
 - C) hunters.
 - D) farmers.
20. Most African clans traced their descent through
- A) the father's lineage.
 - B) the mother's lineage.
 - C) matrilineal means.
 - D) religious lines.

21. Which religion took root in West Africa in the eleventh century?
- A) Christianity
 - B) Buddhism
 - C) Islam
 - D) Ancestor Worship
22. West Africans preserved their religious faith primarily through
- A) written sources.
 - B) the construction of beautiful churches.
 - C) oral tradition.
 - D) song.
23. The majority of African slaves lost their freedom
- A) as punishment for crimes.
 - B) because of debts.
 - C) through trickery.
 - D) by being captured in war.
24. What forces captured Morocco in 1415?
- A) Spanish
 - B) English
 - C) Portuguese
 - D) French
25. The Renaissance originated in the city-states of
- A) Italy.
 - B) Portugal.
 - C) Greece.
 - D) Spain.

When?

1. When did Islam spread in West Africa?
- A) 500 A.D.
 - B) 1200 A.D.
 - C) 1000 A.D.
 - D) 1400 A.D.
2. What period marks the European Renaissance?
- A) 1400 – 1600 A.D.
 - B) 800 – 1000 A.D.
 - C) 1700 – 1800 A.D.
 - D) 1100 – 1300 A.D.

3. When did Luther start the Protestant Reformation?
 - A) 1417
 - B) 1617
 - C) 1517
 - D) 1667

4. What year was the Treaty of Tordesillas?
 - A) 1417
 - B) 1500
 - C) 1588
 - D) 1494

5. When was the "Lost Colony" founded on Roanoke Island?
 - A) 1587
 - B) 1488
 - C) 1642
 - D) 1688

Where?

Matching

Match the explorer with the country that sponsored his expeditions.

Columbus	Portugal
Dias	France
De Leon	Spain
Drake	England
Raleigh	Holland
Cartier	Ireland
Cabot	
Da Gama	
Pizarro	
De Soto	

How and Why?

1. How did England's experience with the Irish influence their treatment of Indians?
2. How did England's difficulties with the Spanish affect their ability to establish a colony in the New World?
3. What were Columbus' goals when he began his expedition? Did he succeed in reaching them?
4. What factors contributed to the defeat of the Aztecs by Cortes?
5. Compare and contrast slavery in Africa and in America.

6. Discuss the cultural perceptions and misperceptions between Indians and European societies.

7. Analyze the differing interests each of the European powers had in the New World.

8. Which was a stronger force in New World colonization, economics or religion? Support your answer with specific examples.

9. Why were the events of the Renaissance important in setting the stage for New World exploration?

10. How did domestic European conflicts affect the actions of individual countries toward American exploration and settlement?